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ORDINANCE NO. 25-11

AN ORDINANCE OF THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MANDEVILLE AMENDING ARTICLE 9, SECTION 9.2.5.2 VEGETATION PROTECTION ZONES, AND AMENDING SECTION 9.2.5.3. VEGETATION PROTECTION ZONE BARRIERS, AND AMENDING SECTION 9.2.5.4 LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS IN LOW-DENSITY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS, AND AMENDING SECTION 9.2.5.5 LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS IN DISTRICTS OTHER THAN LOW-DENSITY, AND SECTION 9.2.5.7, LIVE OAK PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS, AND AMENDING SECTION 9.2.5.16 VIOLATIONS, AND AMENDING ARTICLE 10, SECTION 10.8.1.1 LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENTS FOR FREESTANDING SIGNS, AND AMENDING ARTICLE 12, SECTION 12.5.2 INFORMATION REQUIRED ON THE SITE FEATURES MAP, AND AMENDING SECTION 12.5.4.4. OTHER CONSTRUCTION PLANS CONTENT OF THE COMPREHENSIVE LAND USE REGULATIONS ORDINANCE, AND AMENDING DIVISION 19 OF APPENDIX C OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF MANDEVILLE, AND PROVIDING FOR OTHER MATTERS IN CONNECTION THEREWITH

WHEREAS, the City of Mandeville's Comprehensive Land Use Regulations Ordinance (CLURO) was adopted on June 25, 2015, rev. through June 8, 2023, to affect the vision of the Comprehensive Land Use Plan adopted by the City's Planning Commission and supported by resolution of the Council in 2007; and

WHEREAS, Mandeville's distinct character and environmental resilience are intertwined with its native tree species, particularly the Bald Cypress (*Taxodium distichum*) and the Southern Magnolia (*Magnolia grandiflora*). These species provide ecological, environmental, cultural, and aesthetic benefits that are irreplaceable once lost, forming a critical part of our community's natural infrastructure; and

WHEREAS, the Bald Cypress (*Taxodium distichum*), Louisiana's state tree, and the Southern Magnolia, a symbol whose iconic white flower serves as Louisiana's state flower, are vital to Mandeville's ecosystem. Cypress trees provide unique aquatic and nesting habitats, while Magnolias attract and offer crucial cover for wildlife, thereby maintaining local ecosystem health and biodiversity; and

WHEREAS, the City Council, recognizing these significant and irreplaceable contributions, desires to protect the Bald Cypress and the Southern Magnolia for the enduring benefit of Mandeville and its future generations; and

WHEREAS, the City Council recognizes that current penalties for violations of Division 19 of Appendix C, Section 9.2.5.16 of the Code of Ordinances do not adequately deter illegal activity or justly compensate the community for such irreplaceable losses, thereby necessitating revised fines to ensure effective deterrence and proper valuation of these essential natural assets for the enduring benefit of Mandeville, and desires to amend said Code accordingly; and

WHEREAS, current tree protection barriers have proven insufficient in safeguarding Mandeville's protected trees during construction; therefore, more rigid barrier structures are essential to enhance tree preservation and the long-term health of the urban canopy.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Mandeville that CLURO Section 9.2.5.2 Vegetation Protection Zones be amended as follows:

9.2.5.2. Vegetation Protection Zones

- 1. An area extending at least fifteen (15) feet in all directions from the trunk of any tree required or proposed to be preserved to meet the requirements of this or encompassing a minimum of two-thirds (2/3) of the entire canopy area of the tree, whichever is greater, shall be required to be maintained undisturbed under the provisions of this Article. This area is defined as the Vegetation Protection Zone.
- 2. Exception: The Vegetation Protection Zone for Live Oaks will be a circle with a radius which is eighty-two (82) percent of the canopy of the tree, measured from the trunk to the drip line. A barrier shall be erected and maintained around this area at all times during construction. No soil deposits, construction materials, equipment, or other materials shall be temporarily or permanently stored in locations within or immediately adjacent to the Vegetation Protection Zone which would cause suffocation of root systems of trees required or proposed to be preserved. No paving with concrete, asphalt, or other impervious material shall be allowed within the Vegetation Protection Zone. No structure shall be placed or constructed at any time within the Vegetation Protection Zone.
- 3. FEMA elevation exception. Any structure required to be elevated pursuant to application, participation, grant receipt or other involvement in any FEMA elevation program shall be permitted to construct or perform operations within the Vegetation Protection Zone after administrative review and written approval. Structures that are subject to this exception shall not be required to submit for any Vegetation Protection Zone variance and may be permitted for work after review and administrative approval. No work on any structure that asserts an entitlement to elevation within the Vegetation Protection Zone shall commence without written approval of the administration.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Mandeville that CLURO Section 9.2.5.3 Vegetation Protection Zone Barriers be amended as follows:

9.2.5.3. Vegetation Protection Zone Barriers

- 1. The Vegetation Protection Zone barrier shall be continuous and at least four (4) feet above the ground. The material used to construct the barrier shall be rigid and semi-permanent (such as wire fencing) and must be specified on the landscape plan.
- 2. This section requires the erection and maintenance of a four-foot-high, 12-gauge metal fencing around the Vegetation Protection Zone of a Protected Tree. This protective fencing shall remain intact and undisturbed throughout the duration of the activity. No equipment,

materials, or debris shall be stored or placed within this protected area.

3. The required tree barriers shall be properly installed and verification of such installation shall be made by the landscape inspector prior to the issuance of a development or clearing permit.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Mandeville that CLURO Section 9.2.5.4 Landscape Requirements in Low-Density Residential Districts be amended as follows:

9.2.5.4. Landscape Requirements in Low-Density Residential Districts

In the R-1, R-1X and R-2 districts, a minimum of 50 percent of all existing trees larger than three (3) inches dbh in the required yard setback areas shall be required to be preserved. The Landscape Inspector shall verify the preservation of all required trees before a Certificate of Occupancy will be issued for the structure. Trees required to be preserved shall be shown on the residential site plan approved in conjunction with the development permit. In addition, the provisions of the Key Native Tree Species Protection Requirements section 9.2.5.7 shall also apply in R-1, R-1X and R-2.

...

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Mandeville that CLURO Section 9.2.5.5 Landscape Requirements in Districts Other than Low-Density Residential be amended as follows:

9.2.5.5. Landscape Requirements in Districts Other than Low-Density Residential

The requirements of this Article shall apply to all zoning districts other than R-1, R-1X and R-2 residential districts, with the exception of the Key Native Tree Species Protection Requirements of section 9.2.5.7, which apply in all zoning districts. ...

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Mandeville that Section 9.2.5.7 Live Oak Protection Requirements be renamed to Key Native Tree Species Protection Requirements, and shall be amended to read as follows:

Section 9.2.5.7 Key Native Tree Species Protection Requirements

The following tree protection requirements shall be in place:

1. Definition of Protected Tree:

- a. Protected Live Oak: shall include any Live Oak with a diameter at breast height (dbh) of Six (6) inches or more;
- b. Protected Bald Cypress: shall include any Bald Cypress with a diameter at breast height (dbh) of Six (6) inches or more; and
- c. Protected Southern Magnolia: shall include any Southern Magnolia with a diameter at breast height (dbh) of six (6) inches or more.

2. Live Oak Protection Requirements

- a. A tree removal permit shall be obtained from the Landscape Inspector prior to cutting, clearing or removing any Live Oak tree six (6) inches dbh or greater. Unpermitted removal of a qualifying Live Oak tree shall subject the property owner, the responsible contractor, or both, to the violation provisions of Section 9.2.5.16.
- b. The applicant wishing to remove a Live Oak tree must state in writing that such activity will enhance the health, safety and welfare of the public, or otherwise benefit the public interest and the applicant must offer evidence to that effect. The Landscape Inspector is empowered to issue or deny the permit based on the application and the evidence. Prior to the issuance of a tree removal permit the applicant must submit a plan or written statement offering evidence of compliance with the tree replacement provisions of this Article.
- c. Upon submission of a tree removal permit, administrative removal shall only be permitted if both a Louisiana-licensed arborist and the Landscape Inspector jointly determine, in writing, that the tree is dead, terminally diseased, or poses an imminent hazard to public safety or property that cannot be mitigated by other less impactful means. Additionally, administrative approval shall be permitted where site-specific conditions require a tree to be within the proposed building footprint, without alternative building placement, making its preservation unfeasible.
- d. During any construction, development, or land-disturbing activity, all Live Oak trees shall be safeguarded pursuant to the Vegetation Protection Zone Barrier requirements of Section 9.2.5.3.
- e. It shall be unlawful for any person to place soil in such a way that would cause Live Oaks to become diseased or die. If filling with soil is necessary to properly drain the land, all efforts should be made to protect the area within the drip line of a Live Oak from the impact of such activity. Should all efforts fail and a tree removal permit be issued for the removal of the Live Oak the provisions of these regulations regarding replacement of trees shall be required to be met.
- f. If a Live Oak tree is removed or dies due to activities on the property, the property owner shall replace it with one (1) tree per 6 inches dbh of the same species for each Live Oak removed or lost. Replacement trees shall be of a minimum size as established by the Landscape Inspector and planted in a location approved by the City.
- g. A tree removal permit will be required to prune the primary and secondary branches of any Live Oak tree 12" dbh or greater. Such pruning shall be required to be performed by a state licensed arborist or a state forester.
- h. These regulations shall apply in all zoning districts.

3. Bald Cypress and Southern Magnolia Tree Protection Requirements

a. A tree removal permit shall be obtained from the Landscape Inspector prior to cutting, clearing or removing any Bald Cypress or Southern Magnolia tree six (6)

inches dbh or greater. Unpermitted removal of a qualifying Bald Cypress or Southern Magnolia tree shall subject the property owner, the responsible contractor, or both, to the violation provisions of Section 9.2.5.16.

- b. Upon submission of a tree removal permit, administrative removal shall only be permitted if the Landscape Inspector determines that the tree is dead, terminally diseased, or poses an imminent hazard to public safety or property that cannot be mitigated by other less impactful means. Additionally, administrative approval shall be permitted where site-specific conditions require a tree to be within the proposed building footprint, without alternative building placement, making its preservation unfeasible.
- c. During any construction, development, or land-disturbing activity, all Protected Bald Cypress and Southern Magnolia trees shall be safeguarded pursuant to the Vegetation Protection Zone Barrier requirements of Section 9.2.5.3.
- d. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in any activity that may damage a Bald Cypress or Southern Magnolia tree, including but not limited to root disturbance, soil compaction, significant grade changes within the drip line, or the attachment of signs, wires, or other objects that may compromise the tree's health or structural integrity.
- e. If a Protected Bald Cypress or Southern Magnolia tree is removed, or dies due to activities on the property, the property owner shall replace it with one (1) tree per 6 inches dbh of the same species removed or lost. Replacement trees shall be of a minimum size as established by the Landscape Inspecter and planted in a location approved by the City.
- f. These regulations shall apply in all zoning districts.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Mandeville that CLURO Section 9.2.5.16 Violations be amended as follows:

9.2.5.16. Violations

Each required tree, shrub (non-living screen,) or other plant matter cut, cleared, removed, caused to become diseased or die, or otherwise acted upon in violation of the provision of this article, including but not limited to Section 9.2.5.7, shall constitute a separate offense (subject to the provisions of section 1.9 of this [Code]. Where applicable, each separate day on which a violation occurs or continues shall be considered a separate violation of this article.)

- 1. Building Permit Denied: Should any tree(s), shrub(s), nonliving screen(s) or other plant matter be cut, cleared, removed, caused to become diseased or die, or otherwise acted upon in violation of this section prior to the issuance of a building permit, no such permit shall be issued until all fines resulting from the violation are paid.
- 2. Building Permit Suspended: Should any tree(s), shrub(s), nonliving screen(s) or other plant matter be cut, cleared, removed, caused to become diseased or die, or otherwise acted upon in violation of this section after the issuance of a building permit, the permit shall automatically be suspended until all fines resulting from the violation are paid.

- 3. Acceptance of Improvements: No acceptance of public improvements shall be authorized until all fines for violations of this section have been paid to the City or otherwise disposed of through the Mayor's Court. No acceptance of public improvements shall be authorized until all replacement trees have been planted or appropriate payments have been made to the Landscape Mitigation Fund.
- 4. Certificate of Occupancy: No Certificate of Occupancy shall be issued until all fines for violations of this section have been paid to the City or otherwise disposed of through the Mayor's Court. No Certificate of Occupancy shall be issued until all replacement trees have been planted or appropriate payments have been made to the Landscape Mitigation Fund.
- 5. Failure to maintain the required vegetation protection zone barrier during the construction process shall constitute a violation, shall automatically suspend the development permit for which the tree barrier was required to be erected and shall be subject to the maximum penalty of Section 1.9 of this [Code].
- 6. Replacement Penalties: For each tree which is removed without a tree removal permit by the property owner, or the property owner's contractor, agent, employee or any individual or entity authorized to be on the property owner's property, the property owner shall plant new replacement trees in accordance with the following:
 - a. Calculation of Replacement Trees: The total of the diameters of the replacement trees shall, at a minimum, equal the total of the diameters of the trees cut inch for inch. The diameter shall be measured on the trunk of a tree four (4) feet from ground level.
 - b. Minimum Size of Replacement Trees: All replacement trees shall have a minimum trunk size of two inches (2") in dbh and ten (10) feet tall when planted. At the discretion of the Landscape Inspector, larger trees may be required.
 - c. In the event the property owner is unable to plant the required number of replacement trees on the affected parcel, the owner has the option of one of the following;
 - (1) The owner may plant the remaining number of required replacement trees, which will not be planted on the affected parcel at a site to be approved by the City.
 - (2) The owner may contribute to the Landscape Mitigation Fund an amount equal to the cost associated with purchasing and planting the remaining replacement trees as outlined in (a) above.
 - d. Following the notice of violation being issued, the City will prepare a Compliance Agreement for the owner of the affected parcel setting forth the terms of replacement penalties as set forth herein. If the owner fails to enter into the Compliance Agreement within twenty (20) days of the notice of violation, the City will take appropriate legal action, including a citation to Mayor's court and an injunction in the 22nd Judicial District Court.
 - e. A property owner who fails to enter into a compliance agreement shall have thirty (30) days from the notice of violation to initiate the required replanting. Each day on which

the replanting does not commence will be a separate violation subject to its own enforcement action.

- f. Fines: In addition to providing or paying for trees, violators of this section will be fined up to the amount set forth in Division 19 of Appendix C of the City of Mandeville Code of Ordinances for violation of any unpermitted removal or pruning and also failure to adhere to the replacement obligations following unpermitted removal.
- g. Enforcement: The Planning Department and the City Attorney shall administer the provisions of this section.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Mandeville that CLURO Section 10.8.1.1 Landscaping Requirements for Free Standing Signs be amended as follows:

10.8.1.1 Landscaping Requirements for Free Standing Signs

. .

4. Key Native Tree Species Protected. No permit shall be granted on any application or for any activity which would call for the cutting or removal of any key native tree species or which might damage or injure any key native tree species.

. . .

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Mandeville that CLURO Section 12.5.2 Information Required on the Site Features Map be amended as follows:

12.5.2 Information Required on the Site Features Map

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8. The "general" location of each live oak six (6) inches dbh or greater, each Bald Cypress or Southern Magnolia six (6) inches dbh or greater, existing densely wooded areas plus any isolated hardwood trees outside of densely wooded areas which measures ten (10) inches dbh and/or pines measuring thirty (30) inches dbh or greater.

. . .

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Mandeville that CLURO Section 12.5.4.4. Other Construction Plans Content be amended as follows:

12.5.4.4.Other Construction Plans Content

••

1. Street rights-of-way plans and profiles showing the proposed locations and typical cross sections of:

...

c. The location of proposed street trees or existing street trees proposed to be preserved, including existing live oak trees six (6) inches dbh, existing Bald Cypress or Southern Magnolia six (6) inches dbh, and other trees twenty-four (24) inches or greater in diameter or greater measured four (4) feet above the ground (dbh).

. . .

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Mandeville that Division 19 of Appendix C, Section 9.2.5.16 of the code of Ordinances for the City of Mandeville be amended to read as follows:

Prohibited Act	Penalty
Removal of an unprotected tree without or in violation	\$500.00 per tree on any zoned property
of a permit.	
Removal of protected tree without or in violation of a	\$500.00 per tree
permit.	
Failure to enter into Compliance Agreement	\$500.00 per tree required unless replanted within the
	permitted timeframe
Failure to replant following rejection of Compliance	\$500.00 per tree, with each day constituting a separate
Agreement	violation

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED that the Clerk of this Council be and is hereby and is hereby authorized and empowered to take any and all actions which she, in the exercise of her discretion, deems necessary to promulgate the provisions of this ordinance.

AYES: NAY: ABSTENTIONS: ABSENT:		
And the ordinance was declared adopted this	s day of	, 2025.
Alicia Watts Clerk of Council	Jason Zucke Council Cha	

The ordinance being submitted to a vote, the vote thereon was as follows:

Current Regulations

9.2.5.2. Vegetation Protection Zones

An area extending at least fifteen (15) feet in all directions from the trunk of any tree required or proposed to be preserved to meet the requirements of this or encompassing a minimum of two-thirds (2/3) of the entire canopy area of the tree, whichever is greater, shall be required to be maintained undisturbed under the provisions of this Article. This area is defined as the **Vegetation Protection Zone**. Exception: The Vegetation Protection Zone for live oaks will be a circle with a radius which is eighty-two (82) percent of the canopy of the tree, measured from the trunk to the drip line. A barrier shall be erected and maintained around this area at all times during construction. No soil deposits, construction materials, equipment, or other materials shall be temporarily or permanently stored in locations within or immediately adjacent to the Vegetation Protection

Zone which would cause suffocation of root systems of trees required or proposed to be preserved. No paving with concrete, asphalt, or other impervious material shall be allowed within the Vegetation Protection Zone. No structure shall be placed or constructed at any time within the Vegetation Protection Zone.

9.2.5.3. *Vegetation Protection Zone Barriers*

- The Vegetation Protection Zone barrier shall be continuous and at least two (2) feet above the ground. 1. The material used to construct the barrier can be either rigid and semi-permanent (such as lumber) or orange "safety mesh" and must be specified on the landscape plan.
- 2. The required tree barriers shall be properly installed and verification of such installation shall be made by the landscape inspector prior to the issuance of a development or clearing permit.

9.2.5.4. Landscape Requirements in Low-Density Residential Districts

In the R-1, R-1X and R-2 districts, a minimum of 50 percent of all existing trees larger than three (3) inches dbh in the required yard setback areas shall be required to be preserved. The landscape inspector shall verify the preservation of all required trees before a Certificate of Occupancy will be issued for the structure. Trees required to be preserved shall be shown on the residential site plan approved in conjunction with the development permit. In addition, the provisions of the Live Oak Protection section 9.2.5.7 shall also apply in R-1, R-1X and R-2.

In addition to preserving a minimum of 50 percent of all existing trees larger than three (3) inches dbh, all lots shall have a minimum number of trees based on lot size that are either preserved or planted. Trees shall be evenly dispersed in each setback based on the following:

<u>Lot Size</u>	Number of Required Trees	<u>Trees Per Setback</u>
43,560 sf (one acre)	24	<u>6</u>
43,559-21,780 sf	<u>16</u>	<u>4</u>
21,779-10,801 sf	12	<u>3</u>
<u>10,800 sf</u>	<u>8</u>	2
>10,800 sf	<u>6*</u>	2 in front and rear and 1 on sides

^{*}On lots less than 10,800 sf the landscape inspector shall be authorized to reduce the number of required trees if site conditions do not allow for the required number of trees.

Underbrushing Permit Requirements

- 1. **General.** Unless otherwise provided in this section, no person, corporation, association, public agency, or agent or employee thereof, shall effectively destroy or remove vegetation from any property within the City of Mandeville without first obtaining an underbrushing, clearing, or tree and shrub removal permit from the building official. Underbrushing means the removal of underbrush or vegetation from a lot, tract or parcel of land, that does not involve the removal or cutting of any tree or trees two inches in diameter or greater. Underbrushing shall not allow the use of a bulldozer. Underbrushing equipment is limited to mowing equipment and/or bush hogging equipment attached to a tracked tractor or bobcat. Underbrushing shall include the removal of fallen trees and limbs, lying on the ground.
- 2. Objectives of underbrushing permit. The objectives of the requirement for the issuance of an underbrushing permit for the monitoring of land underbrushing.
- a. To limit the removal of valuable existing vegetation in advance of the planning and approval of Ordinance 15-11, Adopted 6-25-15, Revised Thru Ordinance 25-02, Adopted 3-13-2025

- land development plans,
- b. To limit the destruction of roots by limiting the equipment that can be used to perform under brushing.
- 3. **Requirements of issuance of underbrushing permit.** Prior to the cutting, clearing, or removal of any tree or shrub two (2) inches d.b.h or less on any lot(s) or parcel(s) of land on which there is no existing building, or which has an existing building and additional undeveloped portions of the lot not required to be preserved as landscaped area, a clearing permit for such activity shall be obtained from the building inspector. The submittal requirements are:
 - a. An application for clearing permit must be submitted and approved.
 - b. Required Documents: All documents as required in the permit application.
- 4. **Permit expiration.** An underbrushing permit shall be valid for a period of 180 days from issuance.

9.2.5.5. Landscape Requirements in Districts Other than Low-Density Residential

The requirements of this Article shall apply to all zoning districts other than R-1, R-1X and R-2 residential districts, with the exception of the Live Oak Protection requirements in section 9.2.5.7, which apply in all zoning districts. In all zoning districts other than R-1, R-1X and R-2, development sites shall be required to meet the minimum requirements as specified by this Article for Landscaping within the periphery landscape areas, interior planting areas and buffer areas. All required plant materials shall be installed or preserved in accordance with this Article and the landscape inspector shall inspect the required landscaping to verify adherence to code and the landscape plan approved in conjunction with the permit prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

1. Periphery Landscape (Greenbelt) Requirements

- a. Required Area of Greenbelt In all zoning districts other than the R-1, R-1X and R-2 districts, a periphery landscape area, also known as the greenbelt area, shall be required to be located adjacent to the property line of the right-of-way of any public street, road, lane, or other public accessway (excluding an alley) upon which the site fronts. In calculating the required greenbelt area the area of any utility servitude, either existing or proposed as part of the development permit, shall not be included as a part of the greenbelt. The required area of the greenbelt shall be calculated as an area fifteen (15) feet in depth measured at right angles from the property line edge of the street right-of-way or from the interior edge of any utility servitude which is adjacent to and parallel with the street right-of-way less the maximum allowable accessways through the greenbelt. Except in accessways and as prohibited by the utility provider's use of the utility servitude, the servitude shall also be landscaped minimally with a vegetative or decorative ground cover. On corner or through lots 347 with more than one street frontage, the greenbelt shall be required adjacent to each street frontage. The periphery area shall contain trees and vegetative or decorative ground covering material, as specified herein.
- b. Flexibility of Greenbelt Depth The required depth of the greenbelt may be articulated to provide for a depth of greater than or less than the minimum fifteen (15) foot depth so long as the required area of greenbelt on that street frontage is maintained. The depth may be reduced for a portion of the length of the greenbelt to a minimum of ten (10) feet provided that a depth greater than fifteen (15) feet is added to other areas of the greenbelt to maintain the overall required greenbelt area. In addition, the depth of the greenbelt may be reduced to five (5) feet for up to a maximum of twenty (20) percent of the length of the greenbelt so long as the overall required area of the greenbelt on that street frontage is maintained.

- c. Reduction in Greenbelt Area When a utility servitude which occurs between the street right-of-way and the required greenbelt exceeds ten (10) feet in depth measured from the street right-of-way, the required depth of the adjacent greenbelt may be reduced by one (1) foot for every additional five (5) feet of servitude in excess of ten (10) feet.
- d. Access Through Greenbelts For street frontage up to one hundred fifty (150) linear feet, no more than two (2) one-way accessways a maximum of 17.5 feet in width or one (1) two-way accessway a maximum of 35 feet in width shall be permitted through the greenbelt. For more than one hundred fifty (150) feet of street frontage, one (1) additional two-way accessway or two (2) additional one-way accessways of the maximum width specified may be permitted for each additional one hundred fifty (150) feet of frontage or major fraction (seventy-six [76] feet or greater) thereof.
- e. Preservation of Trees in Greenbelts Except in accessways as described above, all trees and shrubs shall be preserved or replaced if diseased or dead. In addition, if the number of trees six (6) inches or more dbh which are in the front periphery do not equal the required number of Class A and Class B trees (one (1) per twenty-five (25) linear feet), then Class A and Class B trees must be planted to the extent necessary to comply with the requirements of this Article. In addition to the above, the following requirements will apply:
 - (1) Dead trees and shrubs may be removed and shall be replaced from the list of native plants that has been approved by the Zoning Commission and is available from the City of Mandeville Department of Planning and Development.
 - (2) Invasive species may be removed subject to the approval from the Landscape Inspector.
- f. Planting in Greenbelts Each required greenbelt shall contain a minimum of one (1) Class A tree (see definitions) and one (1) understory Class B tree for every twenty-five (25) linear feet of lot frontage or fraction thereof. In addition a ground covering material shall be established in the required greenbelt area. Vegetative ground covering material may include turf or other material that forms a consistent vegetative cover. Ground covering material may include pine straw or other mulches, including those of mineral composition.
- g. Applicability of Greenbelt Requirements The periphery landscape requirements shall apply as a condition for the issuance of all new construction building permits in all zoning districts except the R-1, R-1X, and R-2 low density residential districts. These provisions also apply for existing structures or uses when there is a change in use classification which requires an increase in the number of off-street parking spaces from the number of such spaces required in connection with the preceding use of the development site, or when a new building permit is required for new or additional construction on the development site.
- 2. **Screening of Vehicular Use Areas** When a vehicular use area is visible from a public street right-of-way, the vehicular use area shall be screened from view from the adjacent street with an opaque vegetative screen as part of the interior planting requirements. The screen shall be of living material that is opaque from ground height to a height of three feet, with intermittent visual obstruction from above the opaque portion to a height of at least twenty (20) feet. This screen shall be planted in a prepared planting area no less than twenty-four inches wide immediately adjacent to the vehicular use area or may be located within the required greenbelt area. This requirement applies to all street frontages of lots if the vehicular use area is visible from the adjacent street.
- 3. **Site Interior Planting Regulations.** Site interior planting is required in order to provide for groundwater recharge, to mitigate the effects of storm water runoff over impervious surfaces in on-site vehicular use areas, to provide shade and reduce heat and glare reflected from paved areas, to purify the air in intensely developed areas, and to screen visibility of vehicular use areas from adjacent street corridors.

- a. Site interior landscaped area shall be provided in the interior of vehicular use areas larger than eight (8) parking spaces or 3,000 square feet. The total of all interior landscaped areas shall occupy a minimum of eight (8) percent of the vehicular use areas, including associated service drives and loading areas. For each two (2) percent of parking spaces provided in excess of the minimum off-street parking spaces required by use in accordance with section 9.1.4, the site interior landscape area shall be increased by one (1) percent.
- b. Although smaller areas may be provided, interior planting areas shall be a minimum of 100 square feet in size with a minimum side dimension of five (5) feet to count towards the eight (8) percent total. The minimum planting area for an interior tree is twenty-five (25) square feet per tree.
- c. The interior landscaped areas shall be raised and curbed with permanently anchored material at least six (6) inches in height. Curb material may be concrete, natural stone, asphalt, railroad ties or landscape timbers.
- d. A required site interior landscaped area may be connected with a required greenbelt or buffer area so long as the area of the interior planting area is in addition to the area of the required greenbelt or buffer.
- e. All interior landscaped areas must be planted with a vegetative ground covering material.
- f. Interior landscaped areas must be planted with trees according to the following ratios:
 - (1) A minimum of one tree per 2,000 square feet (approximately 5.5 parking spaces) of vehicular use area shall be required to be preserved or planted within a site interior landscaped area provided the distance and shading requirements specified below are complied with by the selection of tree species.
 - (2) The required trees shall be evenly distributed throughout the vehicular use area to maximize infiltration of stormwater and the beneficial effects of the shade provided. No parking space shall be located more than forty (40) feet from any tree within the periphery greenbelt or the interior landscape areas.
 - (3) A minimum of 50 percent of the trees provided within the interior planting areas shall be "Class A" trees.
 - (4) A minimum of thirty (30) percent of the vehicular use area must be shaded by tree canopies of trees located within the required interior landscape areas.
- g. Major Shopping Centers and buildings with more than 100,000 square feet of gross floor area shall provide the following landscaping:
 - (1) A minimum of twelve (12) percent of the area within the boundaries of the parking lot shall be landscaped.
 - (2) A landscape strip, located between the vehicular use area and the building, measuring a minimum depth of six (6) feet and extending along the entire length of the facade of the buildings shall be required. Pedestrian access points are allowed utilizing no more than twenty (20) percent of the total required landscape area.
- h. For buildings of 100,000 square feet or less of gross floor area, a landscape strip, located between the vehicular use area and the building, measuring a minimum depth of five (5) feet and extending along the entire length of the facade of the buildings shall be required. Pedestrian access points are allowed utilizing no more than twenty (20) percent of the total required landscape area.

4. **Buffer Zone Requirements**

- a. Requirements Within Required Buffer Zones
 - (1) The buffer zone shall contain one (1) Class A tree for each twenty-five (25) linear feet and one (1) Class B tree for each ten (10) linear feet of buffer zone.
 - (2) The buffer zone shall contain a minimum six (6) foot high visual screen (see section 9.2.3.17) of living and/or non-living landscape material. If only living material is used, plantings shall be of a form, size, and type which will provide a seventy (70%) percent or more opaque screen within no longer than twelve (12) months of the date planted. Plantings shall be a minimum of four (4) feet in height from the ground immediately after planting.
 - (3) If a six (6) foot high non-living opaque screen is used it shall be placed a minimum of two (2) feet from the property line and a minimum of one (1) shrub or vine for each ten (10) linear feet of screen shall be planted abutting the non-living screen on the side adjacent to the more restrictive zoning district. These need not be evenly spaced at ten (10) feet apart but may be grouped. They shall be planted along the outside of the non-living barrier unless they are of sufficient height at the time of planting to be readily visible over the top of such barrier. The remainder of the buffer zone shall be landscaped with turf and vegetative or decorative ground covering materials.
 - (4) No vehicular parking, utility servitude or structure of any kind shall be allowed in the required buffer zone.
 - (5) The buffer zone shall consist of an area not less than the required depth measured at right angles to the property line(s) along the entire length of and contiguous to the property line adjacent to the more restrictive zoning district.
 - (6) The required depth of a buffer zone on a development site 200 feet in depth or greater, measured at right angles from the property line along which the buffer is required to be located, shall be expanded by an additional one (1) foot for each additional twenty (20) feet of site depth up to a maximum additional buffer of ten (10) feet.
 - (7) The landscape buffer zone shall be required to be provided in conjunction with the issuance of a building permit for new construction on a development site or when a change in use classification from the preceding use of the site renders the development site subject to the provisions of the buffer zone requirements of this section.
 - (8) Preservation of Trees and Vegetation in Buffers Except in accessways as described above, all vegetation which is in the area of a required buffer shall be preserved. All trees shall be preserved or replaced if diseased or dead. In addition, if the number of trees three (3) inches or more DBH that are in the required buffer do not equal the required number of Class A trees (one (1) per twenty-five (25) linear feet), and Class B trees (one (1) for every (10) linear feet), then Class A and Class B trees must be planted to the extent necessary to comply with the requirements of this Article.
- b. When Buffer Zones are Required. Buffer zones shall be required between different uses and/or districts in accordance with Table 9.2.5.5.3(2). The table indicates the minimum width of required buffer zones between proposed development and existing development. The minimum width listed in the table indicates the total required buffer between the properties. Provision of the buffer is the sole responsibility of the applicant for the proposed development. A buffer is required on the site of the proposed development except when a written agreement, approved in form by the City Attorney, is provided that:

- (1) Establishes and/or maintains a buffer meeting the minimum requirements on the abutting property, or
- (2) Establishes a total buffer between the two properties that meets the minimum requirements

Table 9.2.5.5.3(2)

	Proposed Development				
Adjacent Land Use ¹ or Zoning when property is undeveloped	Detached Single- family and Duplexes (6.2.1-6.2.4)	Other Residential (6.2.5-6.2.10)	Civic (6.3) and Office (6.3.1)	Commercial (6.4) except Office (6.3.1) and Major Shopping Center (6.4.67.3)	(6.5) Industrial and Major Shopping Center (6.4.67.3)
Detached Single Family & Duplexes (6.2.5-6.2.10) R-1, R-1X, R-2	Not required	15'	20'	20'	25'
Other Residential; R-3, MH, B-3, O-R., PM-1, PM- 2, PD	15'	Not required	20'	20'	25'
Civic Uses (6.3), Office (6.3.1); All Districts	20′	20′	Not required	15′	15′
Commercial (6.4) except Office (6.3.1) and Shopping Center – Major (6.4.67.3); B-1, B-2, B-4	20′	20′	15′	Not Required	15'
Industrial (6.5) and Major Shopping Center (6.4.67.3); B- 4, M-1, M-2	25′	25′	15′	15'	Not required
Arterial Street	See Section 13.2.4.3.1	25′²	Not required	Not required	Not required
Agricultural (6.6)	25′	25′	15'	15′	Not required

Notes:

- (1) Numbers in parentheses in the column and row headings refer to the existing land use type within the listed district.
- (2) Depth requirements for this use are to include the required Greenbelt. Required landscaping for this area shall include the planting requirements of the Buffer Zone.

9.2.5.7. Live Oak Protection Requirements

In all zoning districts, including the R-1, R-1X and R-2 districts, all live oak trees 6" dbh shall be protected as follows:

- 1. A tree removal permit shall be obtained from the Building Inspector prior to cutting, clearing or removing any live oak tree.
- 2. The applicant wishing to remove a live oak tree must state in writing that such activity will enhance the health, safety and welfare of the public, or otherwise benefit the public interest and the applicant must offer evidence to that effect. The Building Inspector is empowered to issue or deny the permit based on the application and the evidence. Prior to the issuance of a tree removal permit the applicant must submit a plan or written statement offering evidence of compliance with the tree replacement provisions of this Article.
- 3. It shall be unlawful for any person to place soil in such a way that would cause live oaks to become diseased or die. If filling with soil is necessary to properly drain the land, all efforts should be made to protect the area within the drip line of a live oak from the impact of such activity. Should all efforts fail and a tree removal permit be issued for the removal of the live oak the provisions of these regulations regarding replacement of trees shall be required to be met.
- 4. A tree removal permit will be required to prune the primary and secondary branches of any live oak tree 12" dbh or greater. Such pruning shall be required to be recommended in writing and supervised by a licensed arborist or a state forester.

9.2.5.16. *Violations*

Each required tree, shrub. (nonliving screen,) or other plant matter cut, cleared, removed, caused to become diseased or die, or otherwise acted upon in violation of the provision of this article shall constitute a separate offense (subject to the provisions of section 1.9 of this [Code]. Each separate day on which a violation occurs or continues shall be considered a separate violation of this article.)

- 1. Building Permit Denied: Should any tree(s), shrub(s), nonliving screen(s) or other plant matter be cut, cleared, removed, caused to become diseased or die, or otherwise acted upon in violation of this section prior to the issuance of a building permit, no such permit shall be issued until all fines resulting from the violation are paid.
- 2. Building Permit Suspended: Should any tree(s), shrub(s), nonliving screen(s) or other plant matter be cut, cleared, removed, caused to become diseased or die, or otherwise acted upon in violation of this section after the issuance of a building permit, the permit shall automatically be suspended until all fines resulting from the violation are paid.
- 3. Acceptance of Improvements: No acceptance of public improvements shall be authorized until all fines for violations of this section have been paid to the City or otherwise disposed of through the Mayor's Court. No acceptance of public improvements shall be authorized until all replacement trees have been planted or appropriate payments have been made to the Landscape Mitigation Fund.
- 4. Certificate of Occupancy: No Certificate of Occupancy shall be issued until all fines for violations of this section have been paid to the City or otherwise disposed of through the Mayor's Court. No Certificate of Occupancy shall be issued until all replacement trees have been planted or appropriate payments have been made to the Landscape Mitigation Fund.
- 5. Failure to maintain the required vegetation protection zone barrier during the construction process shall constitute a violation, shall automatically suspend the development permit for which the tree barrier was required to be erected and shall be subject to the maximum penalty of Section 1.9 of this [Code].
- 6. Replacement Penalties: For each tree which is removed without a tree removal permit by the property owner, or the property owner's contractor, agent, employee or any individual or entity authorized to be on the property owner's property, the property owner shall plant new replacement trees in accordance with the following:
 - a. Calculation of Replacement Trees: The total of the diameters of the replacement trees shall, at a minimum, equal the total of the diameters of the trees cut inch for inch. The diameter shall be measured on the trunk of a tree in inches five feet (5') above the ground.
 - b. Minimum Size of Replacement Trees: All replacement trees shall have a minimum trunk size of two inches (2") in diameter and ten (10) feet tall when planted. At the discretion of the City, larger trees may be required.

10.8.1.1. Landscaping Requirements for Free Standing Signs

- 1. **Signs Requiring Tree Removal.** If the application involves a freestanding sign, monument sign in the greenbelt or freestanding sign outside of the greenbelt or calls for the cutting or removal of any tree of a height in excess of twenty (20) feet or trunk diameter in excess of six (6) inches (dbh), the Planning Director shall not approve the application or issue the requested permit until a landscaping plan for the proposed activity is submitted to and approved by the Landscape Inspector.
- 2. **Application Requirements.** Such landscaping plan shall consist of a design to transition from the monument sign structure to a decorative ground cover and low planting.
- 3. **Review Criteria.** In reviewing such a plan, the Landscape Inspector shall consider such factors as the location, type, number and size of the trees to be removed or cut, any other vegetation which would be damaged or destroyed by the proposed activity, the size and nature of the proposed activity, the character of the premises on which the activity is proposed and of the area surrounding said premises, the obtrusiveness or non-obtrusiveness of the proposed activity on the surrounding area, and the avoidance of the creation or continuation of more or less denuded areas within view of adjacent properties or public ways.
- 4. **Live Oaks Protected.** No permit shall be granted on any application or for any activity which would call for the cutting or removal of any live oak tree or which might damage or injure any live oak tree.

12.5.2. Information Required on the Site Features Map

The following information shall be required to be included on the Site Features Map, entitled as such and with the same subdivision name as the accompanying plat, to be drawn at a scale no smaller than 1" = 1000' and submitted in conjunction with all Tentative Approval applications for Major or Minor Subdivisions or Resubdivisions:

- 1. Contour lines at five foot intervals approximated from USGS Quadrangle maps or a more accurate source acceptable to the Planning Commission such as a City or Drainage District Comprehensive Drainage Study when available, of the area to be subdivided;
- 2. Identification and highlighting of all areas below the five (5) foot Mean Sea Level contour, all areas determined by the Corp of Engineers to be wetlands subject to permitting under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act or any other permitting procedures, and all areas subject to periodic inundation;
- 3. Direction of flow of surface water in existing and proposed drainage ways and canals;
- 4. The water elevations of adjoining lakes or streams at the date of the survey and the approximate high-and-low water elevations of such water bodies. All elevations shall be referenced to the USGS Datum Plane;
- 5. Written and/or graphically shown description of route of surface water runoff to ultimate disposal point;
- 6. Approximate location, size and type of drainage structures and drainage easements, including the identification of any dedication to be made to the City;
- 7. The location of any known or suspected historic, cultural, archaeological or architectural sites of local, state, or national importance;
- 8. The "general" location of each live oak six (6") inches dbh or greater, existing densely wooded areas plus any isolated hardwood trees outside of densely wooded areas which measures ten (10") inches dbh and/or pines measuring thirty inches (30") dbh or greater.
- 9. The location of temporary stakes or other markers which will enable official inspectors to find and appraise features of the Conceptual Sketch Plat in the field;
- 10. Any proposed rerouting of existing canals or natural drainageways or draining and/or filling of any water bodies or wetlands and date of filing and disposition and identification number of any wetland fill permit application submitted to the coastal area management agency or Corp of Engineers; and
- 11. Required floor elevations of structures under FEMA regulations.

12.5.4.4. Other Construction Plans Content

In general construction plans and details for streets, drainage, sanitary sewer, water facilities and other utilities shall include the following:

- 1. Street rights-of-way plans and profiles showing the proposed locations and typical cross sections of
 - a. Street pavements including curbs and gutters, sidewalks and bike paths;
 - b. Street lighting standards and street signs;
 - c. The location of proposed street trees or existing street trees proposed to be preserved, including existing live oak trees six (6) inches in diameter or greater measured four (4) feet above the ground (dbh) and other trees twenty-four (24) inches or greater in diameter or greater measured four (4) feet above the ground (dbh).
- 2. Plan and profile sheets showing all existing and proposed drainage and other utility easements and/or rights-of-way; manholes and catch basins; the locations, size and invert elevation of existing and proposed sanitary sewers, storm water drains and fire hydrants, showing connections to any existing or proposed utility systems; and the exact location and size of all water, gas or other underground utilities or structures; surface water elevations of adjoining lakes or streams and, if adjacent to a lake, river bayou or stream, the distances and bearings of the required meander line and five foot contour line.
- 3. Elevations shall be tied to a Bench Mark (USGS Bench Mark) and shall be shown on profiles.
- 4. One soil boring five (5) feet in depth for every 300 linear feet of street with a minimum of two (2) borings for each project when the project is less than 500 feet in length. The boring log and soil classification shall be shown on the plans together with appropriate Atterburg limits, and referenced to the location where they were made. Classification shall be in accordance with the A.A.S.H.T.O. Soils Classification System.

CASE SUMMARY SHEET

CASE NUMBER: SUP25-09-04 DATE RECEIVED: August 22, 2025

DATE OF MEETING: September 9, 2025 and September 23, 2025

Address: 214 Girod

Subdivision: Old Town of Mandeville, Square 10 Lot 2A Zoning District: B-3 Old Mandeville Business District Property Owner: OMS Center Mandeville, LLC

REQUEST: SUP25-09-04 – OMS Center Mandeville, LLC, represented by Demoran Custom Homes, requests Special

Use Approval to allow paved parking per CLURO Section 5.2.3.2. Drainage Overlay District and Fill Sub-Area A, Old Town of Mandeville, Square 10 Lot 2A, B-3 Old Mandeville Business District, 214 Girod

PREVIOUS CASE: V23-08-30 – Setback Encroachment and Parking Reduction

CASE SUMMARY: Change the driveway and parking lot from limestone to concrete

The property at 214 Girod Street is located on the west side of Girod St., north of Claiborne St., and south of Jefferson St. The property is irregular in shape and measures 129' along Girod St, 150' along the north side, 61' along the rear, then east for 83', south for 66' and then east for 108' per a survey prepared by John G. Cummings and Associates and dated 9.09.2013. The property contains 19,215 sqft. and a new oral surgery center is currently under construction.

A permit to renovate the existing structure on the property into a new oral surgery center was issued in February 2024. As part of the approved site plan a limestone driveway and parking area were proposed. The owner is now requesting to change the limestone to concrete in order to meet ADA requirements. The application included the following statement: "To meet ADA requirements, we are requesting to be heard to change the limestone requirements to concrete in the driveway and parking areas. Patients leaving the office after sedation will not be able to navigate the terrain of limestone".

The City Engineer has reviewed the proposed changes and stated that "If the concrete pavement is granted then a new drainage study and drainage plan will be required to be submitted and reviewed since the surface runoff will increase due to the change of surface condition".

The pervious/impervious ratio would remain the same as the two limestone areas were used for vehicular access and use.

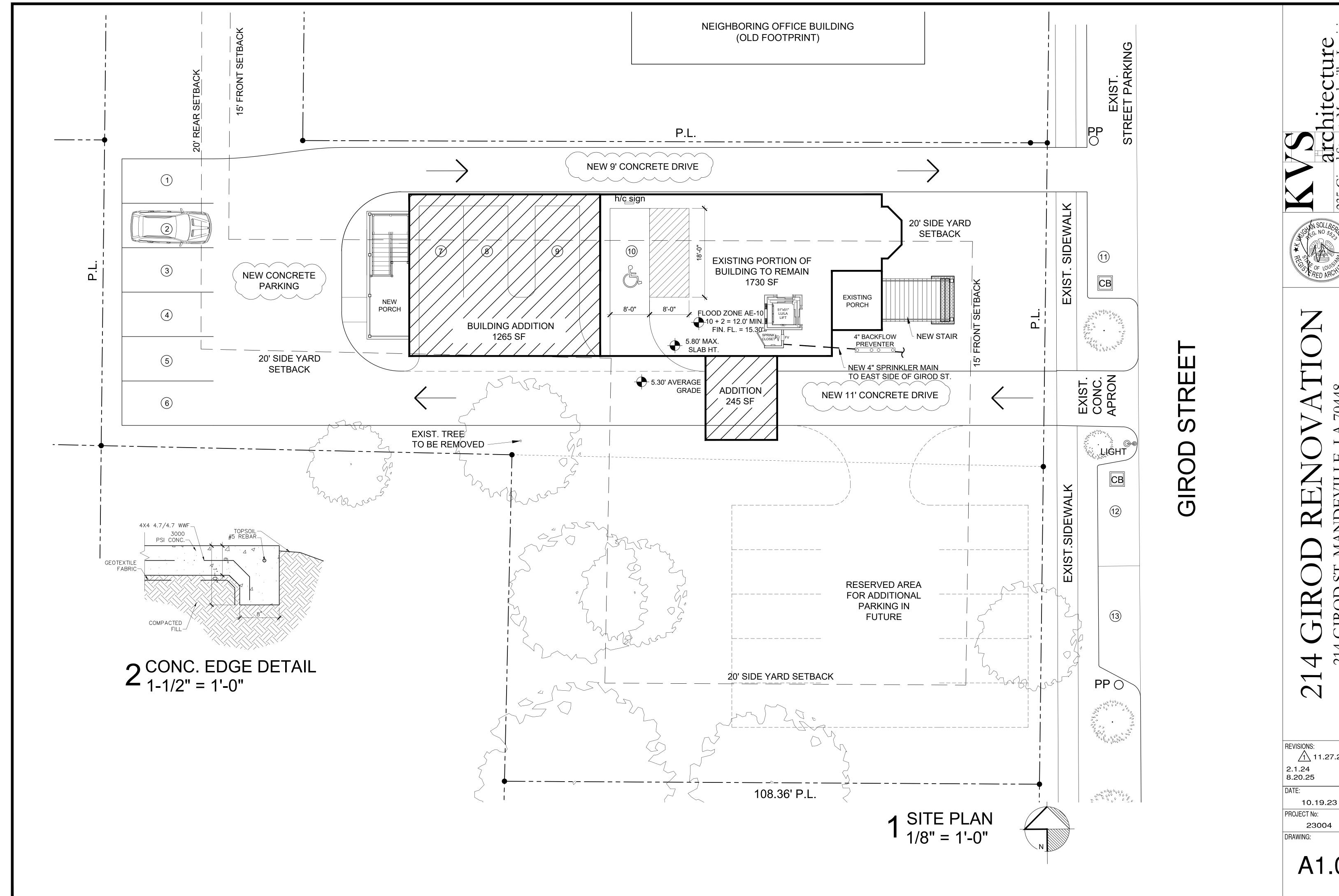
CLURO SECTIONS:

5.2.3.2. Drainage Overlay District and Fill Sub-Area A

The following standards shall apply to all development falling within the mapped boundaries of the drainage overlay district as established in section 7.6.1 of this CLURO and fill sub-area A, which includes the areas located between Monroe Street, Bayou Castain, Lakeshore Drive and Galvez Street. Where the DO district overlaps with other areas described in this section 5.2.3, the provisions of the DO district shall apply.

4. **Parking Lots.** No paved parking lot is allowed within the DO district without approval of a Special Use Permit. No portion of the surface of a parking lot, regardless of whether the surface is aggregate or paved, shall be elevated more than six (6) inches above natural grade.



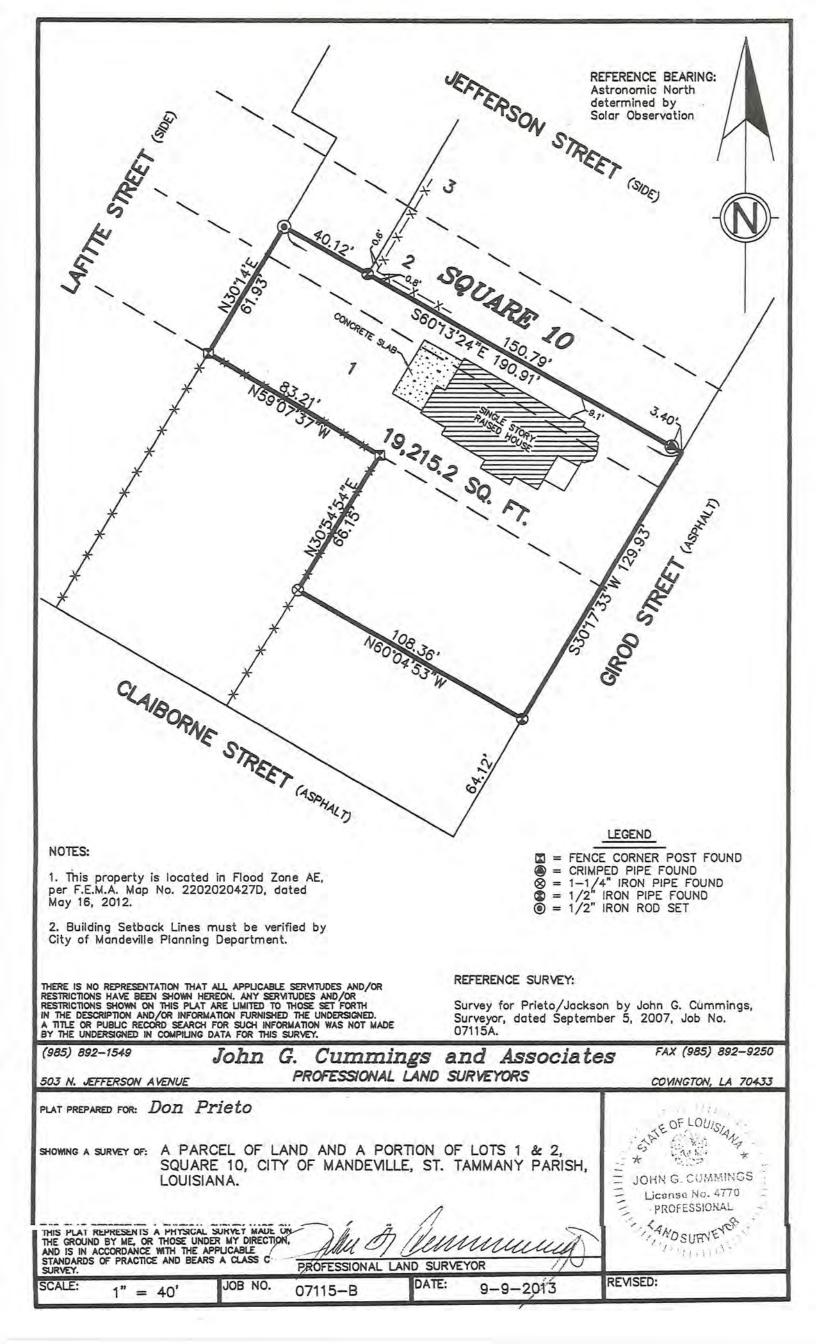


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REVISIONS: 11.27.23

23004

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CASE SUMMARY SHEET

CASE NUMBER: V25-09-20 DATE RECEIVED: August 19, 2025

DATE OF MEETING: September 9, 2025 and September 23, 2025

Address: 3653 Monroe

Subdivision: New Golden Shores, Square 21 Lot 37 Zoning District: R-1 Single Family Residential District

Property Owner: Judith & Nash Bono

REQUEST: V25-09-20 - Judith & Nash Bono request a variance to CLURO Section 7.5.1.3 R-1 Site Development

Regulations, New Golden Shores, Square 21 Lot 37, R-1 Single Family Residential District, 3653 Monroe

CASE SUMMARY: Request to use the setback requirements in place when the lot was purchased

The applicant owns the property at 3653 Monroe Street, located on the north side of Monroe St., east of Marilyn Dr., south of Joyce Dr., and West of Cambronne St. The property measures 100' x 150' and contains 15,000 sqft per a survey prepared by John Bonneau & Associates and dated 3.23.1992. The property is currently unimproved.

The applicant purchased the property in March of 2015 and began working on plans for a new single-family residence. When they purchased the property the setback regulations in place were that both side yards had to add up to be a total of 15', with the interior side yard being minimum of 5'. In May 2018 the City Council adopted Ordinance 18-09 which changed the side setbacks to be on a sliding scale based on the frontage of the lot. The lot has a frontage of 100' requiring 16' side setbacks on each side.

	Required	Proposed	Difference
Front Setback	25'	25′	0′
Rear Setback	30'	30′	0'
West Side Setback	16'	5'	11'
East Side Setback	16'	16′	0′

The applicant is requesting to encroach into the west side setback by 11' in order to use the current design of the house, which was started under the previous setback requirements, and not have to redesign the layout.

CLURO SECTIONS:

7.5.1.3. R-1 Site Development Regulations

Each development site in the R-1 Single-Family Residential Zoning District shall be subject to the following site development regulations in addition to any regulations applicable under the provisions of Article 8. The Planning Director may grant exceptions to the following standards pursuant to section 4.3.5.

Minimum lot area	10,800 Square feet (except for legal non-conforming lots
	as provided)
2. Minimum building area (Square feet per unit)	1,200 Square feet
3. Minimum lot width	90'
4. Minimum lot depth	120'
5. Minimum Yard Setback Requirements	
a. Front yard	25'
b. Interior side yard*	
i. Frontage up to 50'	8' each side
ii. Frontage between 51' – 60'	10' each side
iii. Frontage between 61' – 75'	12' each side
iv. Frontage between 76' – 80'	13' each side
v. Frontage between 81' – 90'	15' each side
vi. Frontage between 91' – 100'	16' each side
vii. Frontage between 101' – 110'	18' each side
viii. Frontage between 111' +'	20' each side
c. Street side yard	15'
d. Rear yard	30'
6. Maximum Height of Structures	35'
7. Maximum Impervious Site Coverage	45%

^{*}The side yard setbacks of the site may be shifted into the opposite yard up to 30% so long as the area lost in one required side yard is provided in the opposite side yard and the total minimum setback of the site is provided.





Bono 1603Livingson St. Mandeville,LA

PROJECT BELLA MTA

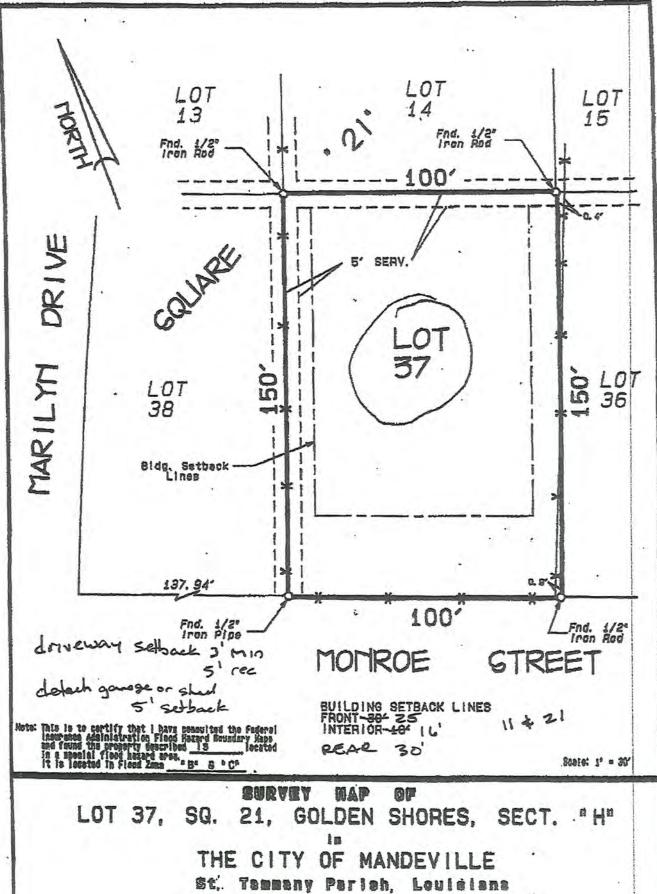
Home of Judith & Nash Bono

MM.DD.YY

N.A.Bono Judith M Bono

3647 Monroe St. Mandeville, Louisiana

A.01



VINCENT FERTITTA

Survey No. 92310 Date: MARCH 23, 1992 bram by: RICK Beel sad

BONNEAU & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Professional Land Surveyors . Planners and Consultants 430 H. NEN HANPSHIRE, SUITE 103 . COVINGTON, LA. 70433-(504) 893-5301 SLIDELL (504)643-2508 • MANDEVILLE (504) 626-3546 • N. O. (504)456-2042 FAX NO. (504) 893-5398

CASE SUMMARY SHEET

CASE NUMBER: V25-09-21 DATE RECEIVED: August 21, 2025

DATE OF MEETING: September 9, 2025 and September 23, 2025

Address: 615 N. Causeway Blvd

Subdivision: Poitevent Tract G – Section 2, Square 2 Lot 1A-1-1

Zoning District: B-2 - Highway Business District Property Owner: Mandeville Retail Center, LLC

REQUEST: V25-09-21 – Let's Rock, LLC, represented by Scott Massa, requests a variance to CLURO Section 10.8.2.6.

Land Uses located in B-1, B-2, B-4, O/R, PM-1, PM-2, M-1, and M-2 Districts, Poitevent Tract G – Section

2, Square 2 Lot 1A-1-1, 615 N. Causeway Blvd

CASE SUMMARY: Add a second sign to a corner unit

The property at 615 N Causeway Blvd is located within a shopping center along N Causeway Blvd. The tenant is currently renovating the unit on the corner to open a kid's gym.

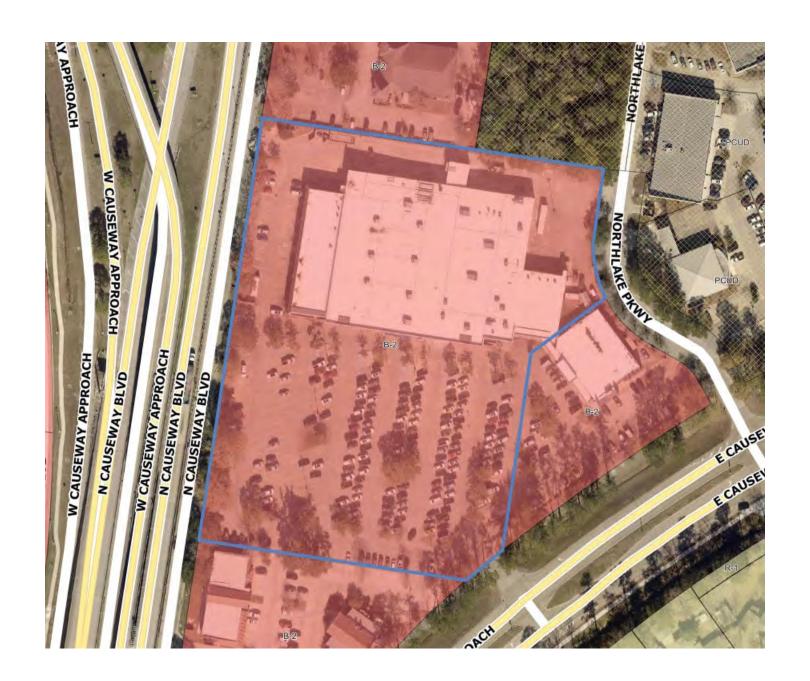
The applicant is requesting to have two signs located on the unit. The unit is a corner unit and contains an entrance on each side, with one side measuring 50' and the other measuring 100'. The sign code adopted in June 2023 limits one sign per unit. Under the previous code, a sign was allowed per façade with a customer entrance.

A sign permit has been approved and issued for the 50' façade of the unit. The maximum wall sign area is calculated at 1.25 square feet per linear foot of the unit facade. The linear façade length of the remaining side is 100' allowing for a maximum sign area of 125 sqft. The total square footage of the two signs is 120 sqft.

CLURO SECTIONS:

10.8.2.6. Land Uses located in B-1, B-2, B-4, O/R, PM-1, PM-2, M-1, and M-2 Districts:

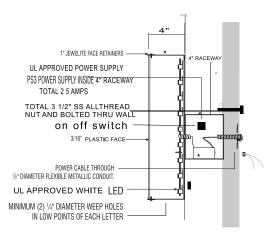
Permitted Signs Allowed by District and Use: Land Uses located in B-1, B-2, B-4, O/R, PM-1, PM-2, M-1, and M-2 Districts.				
Land Use	Attached (wall or blade) Signs, Canopy	Monument Signs or Free-Standing		
	(or awning) Signs, and Hanging Signs	Signs with Wooden Posts		
All land uses occupying complex sites	One (1) wall, canopy, hanging, or	One (1) monument or free-standing		
	blade sign is permitted per unit,	sign is permitted per street frontage		
	subject to all the following:	provided the maximum sign area is		
	 Wall and blade maximum sign 	calculated at one half (0.5) square feet		
	area is calculated at one and	per linear foot of street frontage up to		
	one-fourth (1.25) square feet	a maximum of 120 square feet per		
	per linear foot of the unit	sign.		
	facade. The linear footage			
	shall be measured along the	Sign may be externally or internally		
	wall of the facade on which	illuminated but may not cause any		
	the sign will be located. For	uplight or glare.		
	units with less than twenty-			
	five (25) linear feet the	If a free-standing sign is used, two-		
	maximum size is thirty-two	posts measuring four inches by four		
	(32) square feet.	inches or larger must be used. Posts		
	Canopy sign maximum sign	must be composed of wood and must		
	area is twelve (12) square feet	be incorporated as a visual design		
	per unit.	element of the sign.		
	Hanging sign maximum sign			
	area is six (6) square feet per			
	unit. Hanging signs must have			
	a minimum clearance height			
	of eight (8) feet above grade.			
	Sign may be externally or			
	internally illuminated but may			
	not cause any uplight or glare			





CHANNEL LETTERS ON RACEWAY

1695 Hwy 190 Mandeville, LA **985-264-5840** www.NorthshoreSignShop.com



Quanity: 1 Overall Height: Overall Length: Total Sq Ft:

Returns: .040 Aluminum Backs: .063 Aluminum

Trimcap: 1"

3/16 Plastic Face:



Sign = 60 sq ftStore Front = 100 LF





ALL COMPONENTS (LISTED)
This sign is intended to be installed in accordance with the requirements of Artide 600 of the National Electrical Code and/or other applicable local codes. This includes proper grounding and bonding of the sign. TITLE 24 COMPUANT

ALL MATERIAL WILL BE



SIGN TO WITH STAND 150 MPH WIND LOAD

SIGN MANUFACTURE

AAA BUSINESS SIGNS JAMES RIZZUTO 220 LIVINGSTON AVE 504-722-1152 **ARABI, LA 70032 LICENSE 5112188**

ARCHITECT

LOUIS KONG 504 837-0764 5726 ST CHARLES **REQ NO 4324** NO. LA 70015

Job No.:	Date: 9/2/2025	
Order Date:		
Comments:		